



# **SPT-P551G-80(D)**

#### 1.25Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 80km Reach

#### Features

- Data-rate of 1.25Gbps operation
- 1550nm DFB laser and PIN photo detector for 80km transmission with SMF
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472, IEEE 802.3Z with duplex LC receptacle

- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Hot-Pluggable
- Low EMI metal casing, featuring a latch to secure the connector
- Operating case temperature:
  - Standard: -5 to  $+70^{\circ}C$
  - Extended: -40 to  $+85^{\circ}$ C

#### Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet, 1000Base-LX
- Fiber Channel, CPRI, OBSAI
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface





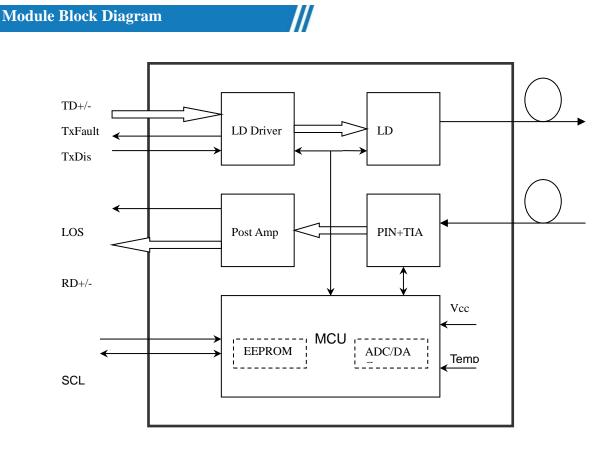
• Other optical transmission systems



The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 1.25Gaps and 80km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.







Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

.

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Paramete	r	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case	Standard	Тс	-5		+70	°C
Temperature	Extended		-20		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			170	mA
Data Rate				1.25		Gbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
		Transmi	tter			
Centre Wavelength	λc	1480	1550	1580	nm	
Bit Error Rate	BER			10-12		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Output Power	Pout	-3		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	

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Shenzhen Sopto Technology Co. Limited



Data Inpu	Data Input Swing Differential		400		1800	mV	2
Input Diff	erential Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
TX	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
1111 uuit	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Centr	e Wavelength	λc	1260		1580	nm	
Recei	ver Sensitivity				-27	dBm	3
Rece	iver Overload		-1			dBm	3
LO	S De-Assert	LOSD			-28	dBm	
L	OS Assert	LOSA	-38			dBm	
LO	S Hysteresis		1		4	dB	
Data	Output Swing Differential	Vout	370		1800	mV	4
	LOS		2.0		Vcc	V	
		Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER  $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ .
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

#### **Timing and Electrical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
TX Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
TX Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including	t_init			300	ms

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Reset of TX Fault				
TX Fault Assert Time	t_fault		100	μs
TX Disable To Reset	t_reset	10		μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on		100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off		100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_cloc k		400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2	Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL		0.8	V

## Diagnostics

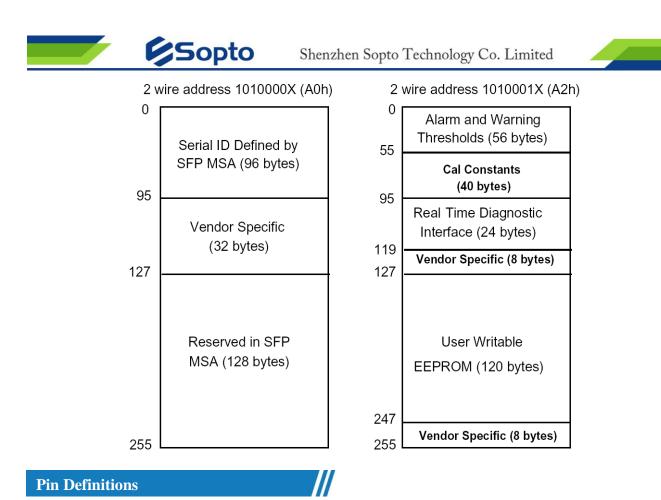
Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
I man	-20 to +85				
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-3 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-27 to -1	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

#### Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

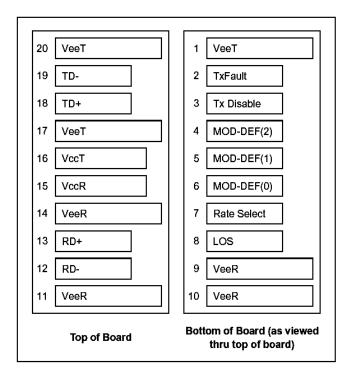
The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.



#### Pin Diagram







#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
Notes	1	I		

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

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Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

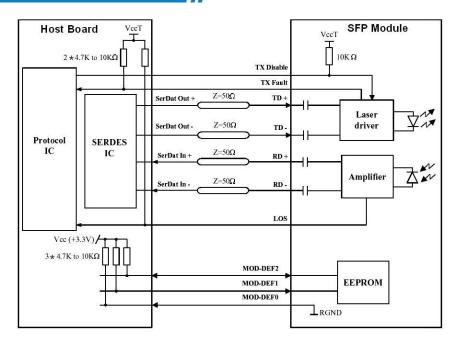
Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.

6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

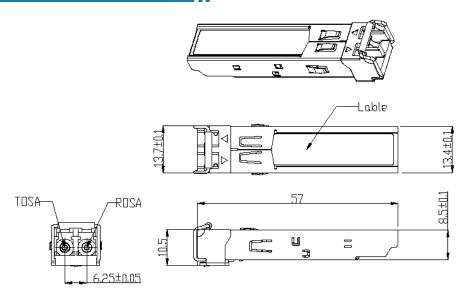


#### Recommended Interface Circuit





#### **Mechanical Dimensions**



Unit:mm

# Ordering information Product Description Part Number Product Description SPT-P551G-80 1550nm, 1.25Gbps, 80km, 0°C ~ +70°C SPT-P551G-80D 1550nm, 1.25Gbps, 80km, 0°C ~ +70°C, DDM SPT-P551G-80TD 1550nm, 1.25Gbps, 80km, -40°C ~ +85°C, DDM

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